This document is a part of Main Course File Document No.: CFM – 8			Document No.: CFM – 8
		SARDAR VALLABHBHAI PATEL EDUCATION SOCIETY MANAGED	
AT A CONTRACT OF		N. G. PATEL POLYTECHNIC	
		SCIENCE AND HUMANITIES DEPARTMENT	
		(CHEMICAL / COMPUTER / MECHANICAL / ELECTRICAL/	
		IT ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT)	
FORMAT FOR ASSIGNMENTS			
Course Name (With Code): Mathematics (DI01000021)			
Semester / Year: First / First			
Assignment Number: 03 (Vectors)			
Assignment CO Number: D101000021.3			
Sr. No.	Questions corrying 1 Marks		
$\frac{\mathbf{Part} - \mathbf{A}}{1}$	Questions carrying 1 Marks $\overline{\alpha} = 2i + 2i + 1; \overline{b} = 2i + 2i$		
2	$\overline{a} = 2i+3j+k$, $\overline{b} = 2i+3j+2k$, then find $1, \overline{a} + \overline{b}$		
2	$u = 2i+5j$, $b = 5i-5i-2k$, then find $\overline{a}, \overline{b}$		
3	If $a = 2i + j$, $b = i - 3k$ then find a, b If $\overline{a} = 2i + i + k$, $\overline{b} = i$, $i + 2k$ then find $\overline{a}, \overline{b}$		
4	If $a = 2i + j + k$, $b = i - j + 3k$ then find $a.b$		
Part – B	Questions carrying 3 Marks		
1	If $\overline{a} = 3i+k-2j$, $b=2i-4j-3k$, $\overline{c} = -i+2j+2k$ find $ 2\overline{a} - 3b - 5\overline{c} $		
2	If $\overline{a} = (3, -1, -4)$, $\overline{b} = (-2, 4, -3)$, $\overline{c} = (-1, 2, -5)$ then find $ \overline{a} + 2\overline{b} - \overline{c} $		
3	If $\overline{a} = 3i + j$, $\overline{b} = 2i - j + 6k$, $\overline{c} = i + j + 2k$ find direction cosine of $2\overline{a} + \overline{b} - 2\overline{c}$.		
4	For what value of 'p' the vector 2i+3j-k and pi-j+3k are perpendicular to each other?		
5	If $\bar{a} = (p, 2, 1) \& \bar{b} = (2, p, -4)$ are perpendicular to each other then find value of p.		
6	For what the value of k, the lines $7x + y = 1$ and $3x - ky = -2$ are perpendicular to each other		
Part – C	Questions carrying 4 Marks		
1	If $x = i - 2j + 3k$, $\overline{y} = -2i + 3j + k$ then P.T		
	$(x + y) \propto (x - y)$ are perpenaicular to ean other Prove that angle between the space $2i + i + 2k = 1, 2i + 4k$, $i = -2i + \frac{1}{2}$		
2	Prove that angle between the vector $3i + j + 2k$ and $2i - 2j + 4k$ is $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{7}}\right)$		
3	Prove that angle between the vector $i + 2j$ and $i + j + 3k$ is $\sin^{-1}\left(\sqrt{\frac{46}{55}}\right)$		
4	A particle moves from the point $(0,1,-2)$ to the point $(-1,3,2)$ under the effect of Constant forces $(1,2,3)$ and $(-1,2,3)$ and $(-1,2,-3)$ Find work done.		
5	A particles moves to the point $(5,1,2)$ from the point $(0,1,-2)$ and under the action of force $(1,2,3)\&(3,1,1)$ then find the work done.		
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rrepared By: (Name of Faculty (les)) with signature			Signature of Head of Department